

United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20240-0001

45600 Woodland Road, VAM-BOEM DIR Sterling, VA 20166 Telephone (703) 787-1640 Facsimile (703) 787-1209

March 12, 2019

Via Electronic Mail: 47701-73517481@requests.muckrock.com

Jesse Coleman MuckRock Dept MR 44028 411A Highland Avenue Somerville, MA 02144-2516

RE: Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Request No. BOEM-2018-00067

Dear Mr. Coleman:

This letter is in reference to your FOIA request dated January 16, 2018 and received by the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM) and received on the same date. Your request is assigned request number BOEM-2018-00067. Please cite this number in any future communications with our office regarding your request.

Your Request

You requested:

All communications, including emails and attachments, between BOEM staff and Vincent DeVito, [Counselor to the Secretary for Energy Policy at the Department of the Interior].

Additionally, you have a previous FOIA request dated October 12, 2017, and assigned request number BOEM-2017-00201, where you requested similar information: communications, with specific BOEM staff and Vincent DeVito, Counselor to the Secretary for Energy Policy.

By telephone conversation on February 16, 2018, you narrowed the scope of your request as follows:

- The time frame is March 1, 2017 to the date of the search;
- Only include email correspondence sent from the account of Vincent DeVito (Vincent_DeVito@ios.doi.gov);
- Exclude records described in section 5.b of the Acknowledgement letter;
- Include the first page of reports and exclude the remaining pages.

By telephone conversation on February 21, 2018, you agreed to further narrow the scope of your request to limit the search to the following BOEM personnel:

- Acting Director (Deputy Director)
- Chief of Staff
- Senior Advisor to the Director

The Bureau's Fourth Response to Your Request

We are writing to you today to provide you with the Bureau's fourth response to your FOIA request consisting of 364 pages being released to you as follows:

- 228 pages are being withheld in part under Exemption 5;
- 6 pages are being withheld in part under Exemption 6;
- The remaining 130 pages are being released in their entirety.

Information Withheld Pursuant to Exemption 5

Exemption 5 allows an agency to withhold "inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party... in litigation with the agency." 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(5). Exemption 5 therefore incorporates the privileges that protect materials from discovery in litigation, including the deliberative process, attorney work-product, attorney-client, and commercial information privileges. We are withholding 228 pages in part under Exemption 5 because they qualify to be withheld under the following privilege:

Commercial Information Privilege

When the government enters the marketplace as an ordinary commercial buyer or seller, the government's information is protected under the commercial information privilege if it is sensitive information not otherwise available, and disclosure would significantly harm the government's monetary functions or commercial interests. The theory behind the privilege is that the government may be placed at a competitive disadvantage if confidential information generated by the government is disclosed. The information being withheld consists of conference call numbers and passcodes.

Deliberative Process Privilege

The deliberative process privilege protects the decision-making process of government agencies and encourages the frank exchange of ideas on legal or policy matters by ensuring agencies are not forced to operate in a fish bowl. A number of policy purposes have been attributed to the deliberative process privilege. Among the most important are to: (1) assure that subordinates will feel free to provide the decisionmaker with their uninhibited opinions and recommendations; (2) protect against premature disclosure of proposed policies; and (3) protect against confusing the issues and misleading the public.

Information Withheld Pursuant to Exemption 6

Exemption 6 allows an agency to withhold "personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy." 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(6). We are withholding 6 pages in part under Exemption 6.

The phrase "similar files" covers any agency records containing information about a particular individual that can be identified as applying to that individual. To determine whether releasing records containing information about a particular individual would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, we are required to balance the privacy interest that would be affected by disclosure against any public interest in the information.

Under the FOIA, the only relevant public interest to consider under the exemption is the extent to which the information sought would shed light on an agency's performance of its statutory duties or otherwise let citizens 'know what their government is up to. The burden is on the requester to establish that disclosure would serve the public interest. When the privacy interest at stake and the public interest in disclosure have been determined, the two competing interests must be weighed against one another to determine which is the greater result of disclosure: the harm to personal privacy or the benefit to the public. The purposes for which the request for information is made do not impact this balancing test, as a release of information requested under the FOIA constitutes a release to the general public.

The information that has been withheld under Exemption 6 consists of personal information, such as phone numbers and travel information, and we have determined that the individuals to whom this information pertains have a substantial privacy interest in withholding it. Additionally, we have determined that the disclosure of this information would shed little or no light on the performance of the agency's statutory duties. Because the harm to personal privacy is greater than whatever public interest may be served by disclosure, release of the information would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of the privacy of this individual and we are withholding it under Exemption 6.

I, Debra Moore, Senior Government Information Specialist, am responsible for this partial denial. Mr. Gurney Small, Attorney Advisor, Office of the Solicitor was consulted. We reasonable foresee that disclosure would harm and interest or individuals protected by one or more of the nine exemptions to the FOIA's general rule of disclosure.

The Bureau's Review of the Remaining Documents is Pending

The remaining documents are currently under review. We will continue to respond in a rolling production until we have completed your request.

Appeal Rights and Mediation Services

You may appeal this response to the Department's FOIA/Privacy Act Appeals Officer. If you choose to appeal, the FOIA/Privacy Act Appeals Officer must receive your FOIA appeal no later than 90 workdays from the date of this letter. Appeals arriving or delivered after 5 p.m. Eastern Time, Monday through Friday, will be deemed received on the next workday.

Your appeal must be made in writing. You may submit your appeal and accompanying materials to the FOIA/Privacy Act Appeals Officer by mail, courier service, fax, or email. All communications concerning your appeal should be clearly marked with the words: "FREEDOM OF INFORMATION APPEAL." You must include an explanation of why you believe the BOEM's response is in error. You must also include with your appeal copies of all correspondence between you and BOEM concerning your FOIA request, including your original FOIA request and BOEM's response. Failure to include with your appeal all correspondence between you and BOEM will result in the Department's rejection of your appeal, unless the FOIA/Privacy Act Appeals Officer determines (in the FOIA/Privacy Act Appeals Officer's sole discretion) that good cause exists to accept the defective appeal.

Please include your name and daytime telephone number (or the name and telephone number of an appropriate contact), email address and fax number (if available) in case the FOIA/PA Appeals Officer needs additional information or clarification of your appeal. Submit appeals to:

Department of the Interior Office of the Solicitor 1849 C Street, NW MS-6556 MIB Washington, DC 20240

Attn: FOIA/Privacy Act Appeals Office

Telephone: (202) 208-5339 Fax: (202) 208-6677

Email: FOIA.Appeals@sol.doi.gov

Also, the 2007 FOIA amendments created the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) to offer mediation services to resolve disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litigation. Using OGIS services does not affect your right to pursue litigation. You may contact OGIS in any of the following ways:

Office of Government Information Services National Archives and Records Administration 8601 Adelphi Road - OGIS College Park, MD 20740-6001

Email: ogis@nara.gov

Web: https://ogis.archives.gov

Telephone: (202) 741-5770 Fax: (202) 741-5769 Toll-free: 1-877-684-6448

Please note that using OGIS services does not affect the timing of filing an appeal with the Department's FOIA & Privacy Act Appeals Officer.

You may also seek dispute resolution services from Natasha Alcantara, BOEM's FOIA Officer/Public Liaison, at (703) 787-1818 or via email at boemfoia@boem.gov.

Conclusion

Thank you for your patience as we continue to process your request. If you have any questions concerning this response, you may contact us by email at boem.gov; by telephone at (703) 787-1640; or write to: FOIA Office; Bureau of Ocean Energy Management; Mail Stop: VAM-BOEM DIR; 45600 Woodland Road; Sterling, VA 20166.

Sincerely,

X___

Debra Moore

Senior Government Information Specialist Bureau of Ocean Energy Management

Attachment: As stated